

SECTF Recommendations passed thus far (08/30/2022):

Social Equity Retail License Program

- 1. To use the presented Disproportionately Impact Areas ranking <u>formula</u> and indicators. (Passed on 09/14/2021)
- 2. To approve the <u>Community Based Scoring Rubric</u> with a total score of 650 points. (Passed on 11/16/2021)
- 3. To approve the <u>application process</u> as presented without limitation of time included. (Passed on 11/16/2021)
- 4. Remove non-violent cannabis convictions from consideration in the new threshold protocol. (Passed 08/23/2022)
- 5. LCB to use language that would encourage people with previous felony convictions to apply. LCB should inform potential applicants that based on prior applications, it is very rare to be denied based on criminal history. (Passed 08/23/2022)
- 6. Training protocol for threshold reviewer in alignment with Pro-Equity Anti-Racism (PEAR) training, the new mandate for state agencies. (Passed 08/23/2022)

Current License Type Recommendations

- **1.** That any new licenses issued be reserved for social equity through 2029. This includes new licenses that get passed through the legislature. (Passed on 09/14/2021)
- 2. The legislature should establish a policy goal that 50% of total licenses should be owned by social equity licensees by 2029. (Passed on 04/26/2022)
- 3. The legislature should create additional retail licenses available across the state exclusive to social equity applicants until 2029. (Passed on 04/26/2022)
- **4.** That all licenses available for social equity retail licenses are not bound by county but contingent on local jurisdiction approval. (Passed on 09/14/2021)
- 5. To reduce buffer zones from 1000 ft to 500 ft reserved for social equity licenses (excluding elementary schools, secondary schools, that must remain at 1000 ft). (Passed on 09/14/2021)
- **6.** The legislature should create additional producer licenses available across the state exclusive to social equity applicants until 2029. (Passed on 04/26/2022)



New License Types

1. The legislature should create a cannabis delivery license and cannabis social consumption licenses across the state exclusive to social equity applicants until 2029. (Passed on 04/26/2022)

Technical Assistance/ Mentorship

- 1. The Department of Commerce use the funds from 2022 to implement the Cannabis Mentorship Program. (Passed on 09/14/2021)
- 2. To expand the financial assistance as new use of funds for technical assistance dollars. (Passed on 09/14/2021)
- 3. increase the allotment for the technical assistance grant mentorship Program. Asking for 10% of the cannabis tax revenue that currently goes to the state general fund. Also, to reserve 5% of the cannabis tax revenue that currently goes to state general fund for low interest loans for social equity cannabis license holders. Also, that current license holders that meet the definition of social equity be eligible for grant dollars. (Passed on 09/14/2021)

Workforce Job Training

- 1. The legislature should make available funds for grants and scholarships to be issued to applicants from underserved communities to support education for careers in the cannabis industry, including: HR, manufacturing, training, engineering/science, accounting, creative writing and marketing, culinary, agriculture, business/operations management, IT, trademarking, law and policy (Passed on 04/26/2022)
- 2. Encourage cannabis certification programs within community colleges, universities, or other educational hubs (Passed on 04/26/2022)

Other Recommendations

- 1. 50% of all Cannabis Tax revenue goes to the Social Equity in Cannabis Program. 5% of that tax will go to low interest loans, 10% of the tax will go to grants and the other 35% will go towards Community Reinvestment. (Passed on 11/16/2021)
- 2. Given the WSDA's guiding principles and their ongoing efforts to work with and support producers and farmers, it would be beneficial for future social equity licensees if certain aspects of regulatory oversight for cannabis cultivation are shifted from the LCB to the WSDA. (Passed 08/23/2022)



- 3. Legalization of residential cannabis cultivation for personal use without Department of Health registration will promote social equity (6 plants per adult and 15 plants per household). (Passed 08/23/2022)
- 4. The cultivation of 7 to 99 plants should be reclassified as a misdemeanor, instead of a Class C Felony. (Passed 08/23/2022)
- 5. Vacation for cultivation convictions for 99 plants or less. (Passed 08/23/2022)